Exhibit 2

THE COURT: All right

43

Plaintiff, MICRON TECHNOLOGY, INC., MARSHALL, TEXAS

2

11

12

1.3

14

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2

5

6

11

12

13

14

1.5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

2.5

AUGUST 22, 2023 Defendants. 9:00 A.M.

MOTION HEARING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROY S. PAYNE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

SHAWN McROBERTS, RMR, CRR 100 E. HOUSTON STREET MARSHALL, TEXAS 75670 (903) 923-8546 shawn mcroberts@txed.uscourts.gov

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

1 15342

2

10 11

1.3

14 15

1.8

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

5

10

11

13

14

1.5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

2.5

APPEARANCES

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: IRELL & MANELLA, LLP -LOS ANGELES 1800 AVENUE OF THE STARS SUITE 900 LOS ANGELES, CA 90067-4276

(310) 203-7096 BY: MR. JASON SHEASBY

McKOOL SMITH, P.C. - MARSHALL 104 E. HOUSTON ST., SUITE 300 MARSHALL, TEXAS 75670 (903) 923-9000 BY: MR. SAMUEL BAXTER

WINSTON & STRAWN, LLP - REDWOOD CITY FOR THE DEFENDANTS:

255 SHORELINE DRIVE, STE. 520 REDWOOD CITY, CA 94065 (650) 858-6443

MR. MICHAEL RUECKHEIM MR. RYUK PARK

WARD, SMITH & HILL, PLLC 1507 BILL OWENS PARKWAY LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75604 (903) 757-6400 MR. WES HILL

OFFICIAL REPORTER:

SHAWN M. McROBERTS, RMR, CRR 100 E. HOUSTON STREET MARSHALL, TEXAS 75670

(903) 923-8546

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

MR. RUECKHEIM: And I think the next one might be me, Your Honor, but when you're ready. THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, Mr. Rueckheim. MR. RUECKHEIM: So with respect to Micron's motion to compel, Docket 135, micron is asking for production of a limited subset of materials from Netlist's litigations with SK hynix that was a few years ago. I believe this limited

We're looking for really -- it's set out in the joint status report, but it's drafts of settlement agreements and offers, expert reports, witness statements, and depo hearing statements, transcripts in the pre- and post-trial briefing.

subset of materials would likely be in the 20- to 30-document

The relevance here, Your Honor, is that there is an overlapping accused product and there's also patents that were in the same family that Netlist is asserting here. And we've seen this just recently with respect to deposition of our expert Doctor Stone. Netlist's counsel put up materials that Doctor Stone submitted in the Netlist/SK hynix litigation, and there's issues overlapping there between, what Your Honor may remember from the claim construction hearing, this fork in the road idea, which is also at issue with respect to the SK hynix allegations. And so we think there's very significant technical relevance here.

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

There's also relevance with respect to the settlement agreements and offers here, because whether these patents relate to RAND or FRAND obligations and whether Netlist, if so, has breached their RAND or FRAND obligation can be informed by these offers. And so to the extent that Netlist and SK hynix are discussing RAND issues or valuations for portfolio versus specific license, these are all very relevant to these RAND issues

And so Netlist is countering on a relevance ground. That is simply just not tenable at this stage for discoverability. We have narrowly tailored our request. We're not seeking everything in the SK hynix litigation, nor would I want to review everything from the SK hynix litigation--that's a lot of material. We are seeking a very narrow amount of materials here, and that is our request.

Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Tell me, Mr. Rueckheim, what do you mean by witness statements?

MR. RUECKHEIM: There was an ITC case and a district court case, and so we're looking at the witness statements in the ITC; the affirmative presentation of testimony -- written testimony to the ITC.

THE COURT: All right. Is it all from an ITC proceeding, or was there a district court proceeding also? MR. RUECKHEIM: District court as well.

2

8

10

11

1.3

14

15

16

17

1.8

19

21

22

23

24

25

2

10

11

13

14

1.5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

2.5

44 **15343**

46

```
THE COURT: All right. Are any of the experts that you're seeking the reports of also involved in the current litigation?
```

MR. RUECKHEIM: I believe so. One in particular--Doctor Stone, who I just mentioned. I'm not sure about the rest, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. How are you proposing that third-party confidential information that was revealed pursuant to a protective order in that matter should be handled if any of that is produced in this litigation?

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

5

11

13

14

1.5

16

17

18

20

21

22

23

2.4

MR. RUECKHEIM: I don't know if there is an issue there, Your Honor. We've asked for this material really since the start of the litigation going back to at least January I believe is mentioned in the briefing, and I don't know if Netlist has had conversations with SK hynix as to whether they can produce the information to Micron or if there is a concern that needs to be addressed.

THE COURT: Have you been provided the license that ultimately issued in that case?

MR. RUECKHEIM: Yes, we have.

THE COURT: All right. Why would the negotiating documents be relevant, then?

MR. RUECKHEIM: To inform the RAND question, whether Netlist is offering Micron a reasonable and non-discriminatory license with respect to the present case. It would definitely

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

eral Official Court Reporter

be informed based on how Netlist and SK hynix discuss the licensing of individual patents versus a portfolio of patents or what is actually the reasonable and non-discriminatory rate here.

THE COURT: I think that the Federal Circuit has made it fairly clear that what FRAND is dealing with is what the ultimate license contains, not what the parties' negotiating positions were that got to that agreement. I'm not familiar with any Federal Circuit authority that would indicate that a FRAND rate depends on the negotiation history that led to it. Are you?

MR. RUECKHEIM: One second, Your Honor.

(Pause in proceedings.)

MR. RUECKHEIM: So I should have remembered this,
Your Honor, because I was actually involved in the case, but
it's cited on page 4 of our motion is the Sol IP versus—I was
representing Ericsson in the case—but AT&T mobility. It's an
Eastern District of Texas case that granted a motion to compel
discovery on these license offers and proposals because they
were relevant to the RAND and FRAND issues there.

THE COURT: All right. And how would you say that this case relates to the ${\it Sol~IP}$ case?

MR. RUECKHEIM: There was less patents at issue in this case. Sol I think had somewhere -- about 20 patents asserted. But how it relates is really just the RAND issues.

THE COURT: Well, for one thing, I think in that case we were talking about licenses to the patents-in-suit and offers that had been made to license the patents-in-suit.

Are the patents currently asserted in this case the same patents as were involved in the SK hynix case?

MR. RUECKHEIM: They are not, Your Honor. They are in the patent family, but they are covered under the portfolio license that was granted, as is typical for patents and continuations.

THE COURT: Well, I can tell you they feel that, if anything, I understand this law better than I did when I wrote that opinion. But in any event, do you have any other authority on that?

MR. RUECKHEIM: That is the authority we cited.
We'd like to see the materials, Your Honor, and I don't think
there is any burden -- there could be any burden argument here
because they can -- they can simply press a button and produce
it to us, but we'd like to see it. And if there is a question
about admissibility or, you know, about 403 down the road, I
think we can deal with it at the MIL stage. That's our
position, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I think the concern that has always deterred the Court from ordering the production of the negotiations themselves is that doing that would chill

settlement negotiations in current cases if there was a

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

concern that those negotiations would become open for discovery in future cases, and that's what I guess weighs against the probative value. And I just don't know what the probative value of those negotiations would be when you have a consummated license.

MR. RUECKHEIM: It may address Your Honor's concern if -- I just don't know. Looking at these documents, I just don't know whether they could relate to the RAND issues or not, and so it may be -- it's just an in camera review process or some other process that will make that determination as to whether, you know, they would arguably relate to RAND. And I assume Netlist and Micron might disagree on what that means, but if there's a way to mechanic that in order to address that concern, that would be my only suggestion.

THE COURT: All right.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MR}}\xspace.$ RUECKHEIM: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. SHEASBY: Your Honor, I'll start with the issue of the settlement negotiations. The patents that were asserted against SK hynix were not the patents at issue in this case. Micron has not offered to provide any of its negotiation records for any of its license agreements. There is no claim of breach of a FRAND obligation live in this case, and I -- and we would respectfully submit that it is

pernicious from a public policy standpoint to produce

```
negotiation materials when there's a final consummated agreement. If there wasn't a final consummated agreement, I would understand why a different approach may be necessary, but in this case there was.
```

2

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

5

12

13

14

1.5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

2.5

As to the SK hynix ITC materials, the patents-at-suit in this case were not the patents-in-suit in this case. They are correct that there was one overlapping expert that is actually their expert. Mr. Stone was adverse to Netlist in the SK hynix cases, and he is also adverse to Netlist in these

So the only expert that we have in this case -- none of Netlist's experts from this case were Netlist's experts in the -- I believe in the SK hynix cases. At least not on -- there may be one exception to that, but that person, previous expert, was not dealing -- it's Doctor Brogioli. But Doctor Brogioli would be dealing with HBM patents, and his previous work with us did not relate to HBM patents.

We do believe that there is some scope of appropriate production from SK hynix. What we have agreed to produce and what was acceptable in the Netlist versus Samsung case was the witness statements, trial testimony, and deposition of our corporate officers, which was CK Hong, Gail Sasaki, and JB Kim, as well as the trial statements and deposition testimony of our inventors. That would give them the factual information as opposed to SK hynix specific information or

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

third-party supplier specific information, and it would allow them to make sure that witnesses in this case were not saying inconsistent things with what was said in the last case.

But claim construction briefing and expert analysis of infringement on completely different products and patents that have different claims, that is far too afield. And we, frankly, do not want to go through the process of having to redact out all the confidential information for what would seem to be a limited -- a limited probative value given that there is different patents.

So the short answer is they are entitled to something. We've already acknowledged they are entitled to something. We offered to give them the same thing that was provided acceptably in the Netlist versus Samsung case which relates to these same patents, and none of the our experts in this case will -- were experts in the previous case for us testifying on the same subject.

THE COURT: Well, I don't believe that under the law statements by experts are admissible in other proceedings against the party that retained them, so I have never taken the position that expert reports from other litigation need to be provided in discovery. In this case, since there is an overlapping expert, I do believe that any report by -- is it Doctor Stone?

MR. SHEASBY: It is, Your Honor.

THE COURT: From the hynix -- SK hynix litigation should be provided to Micron in this litigation. I will deny 2 the request for the settlement negotiations as long as the 3 consummated settlement license agreement has been produced. I agree that any witness statements--and by that I'm referring to declarations that were offered to the tribunal as opposed to internal work product of the lawyers--any witness statements from Netlist certainly. Were there other witness statements from individuals other than those representing 10 Netlist that were offered? 11 MR. SHEASBY: There were an immense number of witness statements in the proceedings. I think there were 1.3 three ITC proceedings. That's why the three core witnesses, the three corporate officers and the inventors was what we had 14 produced last time. I don't know what other witness 15 statements there are -- there were. 17 THE COURT. Well. I will require that Netlist provide to Micron a list of the witness statements that are 1.8 being withheld. 19 20 MR. SHEASBY: Yes, sir. 21 THE COURT: And if Micron can show a need for those, 22 then I'm open to considering that request. Deposition 23 transcripts, the same thing--it will be as to the representatives of Netlist and a list of the others that are 24 not provided. 25

> Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

2

5

9

10

11

12

13

14

1.5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

2.5

Is the briefing all sealed?

MR. SHEASBY: It is.

THE COURT: And is that because of third-party

information or something else?

MR. SHEASBY: It's all sealed because of SK hynix

confidential information and third-party confidential

information because the third parties used the -- like Micron

SK hynix used third parties for the chips they put on their

modules.) So the vast majority of the sealing will actually be

third-party confidential information.

 $\label{eq:the_court} \mbox{THE COURT: Well, all right. Then thank you,} \\ \mbox{Mr. Sheasby.}$

Mr. Rueckheim, if you want parts of the record from that

have to make to the tribunal that sealed them.

MR. RUECKHEIM: Understand, Your Honor.

One point of clarification. I think Mr. Sheasby also -- Your Honor ordered production of reports and I assume deposition testimony by Doctor Stone.

Mr. Sheasby also mentioned an expert Doctor Brogioli--and I'm sure I'm pronouncing that wrong--that is at issue in the prior litigation and at issue in this litigation. And so we would just make sure Your Honor understood that in making his order. And we'd also ask, unless Your Honor's already considered it, if there are any experts that opined on the

Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

same overlapping accused product here, the DDR4 LRDIMM or any of the patents in the same family at the asserted patents. If 2 Netlist used these experts to characterize its invention in 3 one way in that proceeding and its current experts are characterizing different proceedings, we'd love to see that, THE COURT: Why would statements by those experts be controlling on Netlist? 8 MR. RUECKHEIM: Netlist put up these experts as 10 their agent, Your Honor, in my opinion. So if they were 11 offering this testimony as Netlist's position to one tribunal, and then they tried to hire different experts for this 12 tribunal to offer a different position I think is very fair 1.3 game to me -- for me to ask their expert didn't Netlist say 14 the opposite in a prior litigation? How does that affect your 15 opinion now? THE COURT: Well, two things. One, let me note, you're saving there is a second expert that is common to the 18 two cases? 19 20 MR. RUECKHEIM: Correct. I think the name is Doctor 21 Brogioli. And I have no way of spelling that. I'm sorry. 22 THE COURT: All right. I'll include that doctor in this. As to other experts, it's never been my impression of 23 the law that the opinion of an expert is binding on the party 24 in a different case, but I'll take a look at that and see if 25

> Shawn M. McRoberts, RMR, CRR Federal Official Court Reporter

that has changed. 2 MR. RUECKHEIM: Understood, Your Honor. Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Then I will include that in 4 5 the order. Anything else on this motion, Mr. Rueckheim? 6 MR. RUECKHEIM: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Mr. Sheasby, what about you? MR. SHEASBY: No. Your Honor. That concludes all scheduled motions for today, and Netlist thanks you. 10 11 THE COURT: There is another motion, and I think the briefing on it is perhaps still going on. Is that something 13 that either side thinks it would be helpful to take up today? MR. SHEASBY: We don't, Your Honor. There is two 14 other motions pending. There was one of them the briefing has 1.5 16 not been completed. It's a motion to enforce Your Honor's 17 previously -- previous ruling on financial information and 18 qualification information. That briefing has not been 19 completed. 20 There is also just been a brief that was filed on Monday. 21 Statements were made in that brief that I think may moot the motion. We just need to meet and confer with them on that. 22 23 THE COURT: All right. Well, I will set a hearing 2.4 on the additional motions in due course, then.

2.5

MR. SHEASBY: Thank you for your time, Your Honor.